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CLAIMS:

What is claimed is:

1. A method for validating a hardware design,
5 comprising:
 applying one of a plurality of transformation rules
 to simplify a binary decision diagram containing function
 symbols and variables which represent a hardware design
 to be validated;
10 repeating the application of the plurality of
 transformation rules to the binary decision diagram until
 no more of the plurality of transformation rules may be
 applied to the binary decision diagram; and
 in response to no more of the plurality of the
15 transformation rules being applicable to the binary
 decision diagram, determining whether the binary decision
 diagram has been reduced to a single true value.
2. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
20 defining a first ordering relation on a set of
 terms, wherein the terms include function symbols and
 variables.
3. The method of claim 2, wherein the first ordering
25 relation follows a subterm property.
4. The method of claim 2, wherein the first ordering
 relation follows a monotonicity property.

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5. The method of claim 2, further comprising:
in response to defining the first ordering relation,
defining a second ordering relation on a set of
equalities, wherein the set of equalities includes
5 equalities between terms ordered by the first ordering
relation.
6. The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of
transformation rules includes mapping a node of the form
10 $ite(s=s, H, K)$ into a node of the form H .
7. The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of
transformation rules includes mapping a node of the form
 $ite(s=t, H, K)$ into a node of the form $ite(t=s, H, K)$ in
15 response to a determination that t is greater than s in
an ordering relation having a subterm property and a
monotonicity property.
8. The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of
20 transformation rules includes mapping a node of the form
 $ite(s=t, H, H)$ into a node of the form H .
9. The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of
transformation rules includes mapping a node of the form
25 $ite(s=t, ite(s=t, H, K), L)$ into a node of the form $ite(s=t, H, L)$.
10. The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of
transformation rules includes mapping a node of the form
 $ite(s=t, H, ite(s=t, K, L))$ into a node of the form $ite(s=t, H, L)$.

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11. The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of transformation rules includes mapping a node of the form $ite(s_1=t_1, ite(s_2=t_2, H, K), L)$ into a node of the form $ite(s_2=t_2, ite(s_1=t_1, H, L), ite(s_1=t_1, K, L))$ in response to a
5 determination that $s_1=t_1$ is greater than $s_2=t_2$ according to a pre-determined ordering relation.
12. The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of transformation rules includes mapping a node of the form
10 $ite(s_1=t_1, H, ite(s_2=t_2, K, L))$ into a node of the form $ite(s_2=t_2, ite(s_1=t_1, H, K), ite(s_1=t_1, H, L))$ in response to a determination that $s_1=t_1$ is greater than $s_2=t_2$ according to a pre-determined ordering relation.
- 15 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of transformation rules includes mapping a first set of nodes that are true children of a node of the form $ite(s=t, H, K)$ into a second set of nodes that is identical to the first set of nodes except that occurrences of s in
20 the first set of nodes are replaced by t in the second set of nodes.
14. A computer program product in a computer-readable medium for validating a hardware design, comprising
25 functional descriptive material that when executed by a computer, enables the computer to perform acts including:
applying one of a plurality of transformation rules to simplify a binary decision diagram containing function

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symbols and variables which represent a hardware design to be validated;

repeating the application of the plurality of transformation rules to the binary decision diagram until
5 no more of the plurality of transformation rules may be applied to the binary decision diagram; and

in response to no more of the plurality of the transformation rules being applicable to the binary decision diagram, determining whether the binary decision
10 diagram has been reduced to a single true value.

15. The computer program product of claim 14, comprising additional functional descriptive material that when executed by the computer, enables the computer to perform
15 additional acts including:

defining a first ordering relation on a set of terms, wherein the terms include function symbols and variables.

20 16. The computer program product of claim 15, wherein the first ordering relation follows a subterm property.

17. The computer program product of claim 15, wherein the first ordering relation follows a monotonicity
25 property.

18. The computer program product of claim 15, comprising additional functional descriptive material that when executed by the computer, enables the computer to perform
30 additional acts including:

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in response to defining the first ordering relation,
defining a second ordering relation on a set of
equalities, wherein the set of equalities includes
equalities between terms ordered by the first ordering
5 relation.

19. The computer program product of claim 14, wherein
the plurality of transformation rules includes mapping a
node of the form $ite(s=s, H, K)$ into a node of the form H .

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20. The computer program product of claim 14, wherein
the plurality of transformation rules includes mapping a
node of the form $ite(s=t, H, K)$ into a node of the form
 $ite(t=s, H, K)$ in response to a determination that t is
15 greater than s in an ordering relation having a subterm
property and a monotonicity property.

21. The computer program product of claim 14, wherein
the plurality of transformation rules includes mapping a
20 node of the form $ite(s=t, H, H)$ into a node of the form H .

22. The computer program product of claim 14, wherein
the plurality of transformation rules includes mapping a
node of the form $ite(s=t, ite(s=t, H, K), L)$ into a node of the
25 form $ite(s=t, H, L)$.

23. The computer program product of claim 14, wherein
the plurality of transformation rules includes mapping a

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node of the form $ite(s=t, H, ite(s=t, K, L))$ into a node of the form $ite(s=t, H, L)$.

24. The computer program product of claim 14, wherein
5 the plurality of transformation rules includes mapping a node of the form $ite(s_1=t_1, ite(s_2=t_2, H, K), L)$ into a node of the form $ite(s_2=t_2, ite(s_1=t_1, H, L), ite(s_1=t_1, K, L))$ in response to a determination that $s_1=t_1$ is greater than $s_2=t_2$ according to a pre-determined ordering relation.

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25. The computer program product of claim 14, wherein
the plurality of transformation rules includes mapping a node of the form $ite(s_1=t_1, H, ite(s_2=t_2, K, L))$ into a node of the form $ite(s_2=t_2, ite(s_1=t_1, H, K), ite(s_1=t_1, H, L))$ in response to a
15 determination that $s_1=t_1$ is greater than $s_2=t_2$ according to a pre-determined ordering relation.

26. The computer program product of claim 14, wherein
the plurality of transformation rules includes mapping a
20 first set of nodes that are true children of a node of the form $ite(s=t, H, K)$ into a second set of nodes that is identical to the first set of nodes except that occurrences of s in the first set of nodes are replaced by t in the second set of nodes.

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27. A data processing system for validating a hardware design, comprising:

a processing unit including at least one processor;
memory; and

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a set of instructions in the memory,
wherein the processing unit executes the set of
instructions to perform acts including:

5 applying one of a plurality of transformation rules
to simplify a binary decision diagram containing function
symbols and variables which represent a hardware design
to be validated;

10 repeating the application of the plurality of
transformation rules to the binary decision diagram until
no more of the plurality of transformation rules may be
applied to the binary decision diagram; and

15 in response to no more of the plurality of the
transformation rules being applicable to the binary
decision diagram, determining whether the binary decision
diagram has been reduced to a single true value.

28. The data processing system of claim 27, wherein the
processing unit executes the set of instructions to
perform additional acts including:

20 defining a first ordering relation on a set of
terms, wherein the terms include function symbols and
variables.

29. The data processing system of claim 28, wherein the
25 first ordering relation follows a subterm property.

30. The data processing system of claim 28, wherein the
first ordering relation follows a monotonicity property.

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31. The data processing system of claim 28, wherein the processing unit executes the set of instructions to perform additional acts including:

- in response to defining the first ordering relation,
- 5 defining a second ordering relation on a set of equalities, wherein the set of equalities includes equalities between terms ordered by the first ordering relation.

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